Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
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Federal Department of Home Affairs FDHA
Federal Statistical Office FSO
Territory and Environment Division

MONET 2030

List of gaps - situation in October 2019

The use of a reference framework and a typology to build an indicator system allows, amongst other things, any gaps to be detected. A gap is an indicator that cannot be produced due to methodological reasons or to lack of data. By defining gaps in this way, the statistical system's needs in terms of development are highlighted. Gaps are detected using a participative process that involves the stakeholders of the subjects being dealt with. The list shown below presents the gaps identified in the MONET 2030 indicator system when it was published in October 2019. These gaps will be filled as the Swiss statistical system develops in the future.

Gaps in MONET 2030 system	**Comments:**
Extra-family child-care	The gap relates to two sustainable development goals from the 2030 Agenda (SDG): 5 Gender equality and 10 Reduced inequalities. The Federal Statistical Office (FSO) is planning a publication on this subject for May 2020.
Adult competencies	The gap relates to SDG 4: Quality education. Switzerland is taking part in the OECD's Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies (PIAAC). However, data have not yet been produced for Switzerland.
Food waste	The gap relates to SDG 12: Responsible consumption and production and in particular the international target 12.3 for which there is currently no quantitative goal in Switzerland. Several studies commissioned by the Federal Office for the Environment (FOEN) are providing estimates of food waste in various sectors (agriculture, food processing industry, food service industry, retail trade and households). In 2020 the FSO will start a feasibility study for food waste statistics according to Eurostat methodology and recommendations.
Micropollutants	The gap relates to SDG 6: Clean water and sanitation and in particular to target 6.3 on wastewater treatment. Indirectly, it can also be linked to SDG 14: Life below water and 15: Life on land. The FOEN have initial data on the number of inhabitants connected to wastewater treatment plants with equipment to treat micropollutants.

Espace de l'Europe 10
CH-2010 Neuchâtel

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Agricultural area abroad needed to produce imported agricultural products	The gap relates to SDG 2: Zero hunger and 15: Life on land. This indicator could probably be estimated by combining various sources of existing data such as data from the material flow accounts, from food and fodder balance sheets and from the FAO's crop yields data. It would nevertheless entail considerable work.
Corporate social responsibility (CSR)	The gap relates to SDG 12: Responsible consumption and production and in particular target 12.6, which stipulates that companies based and/or active in Switzerland must assume their social responsibility in Switzerland and abroad.
Value of ecosystem services	The gap relates to SDG 15: Life on land and in particular target 15.9 that demands, amongst other things, quantification of ecosystem services by 2020. By the end of 2020, the FSO will start a project to develop ecosystem accounting based on the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and work carried out in the EU in which Eurostat is participating.
Education for sustainable development	The gap relates to SDG 4: Quality education and in particular target 4.7 which calls for education for sustainable development at all levels.
Number of offences involving forced marriage and forced registered partnership recorded by the police	The gap relates to SDG 5: Gender equality and in particular target 5.2 dealing with violence against women and girls. Offences against the Swiss Criminal Code for forced marriage and forced registered partnership are collected by the FSO's police crime statistics. However, the data do not represent reality. The establishment of a national competence centre to combat forced marriage should enable data to be gathered that better reflect the extent of this phenomenon in Switzerland.
Brain drain /brain gain	The gap relates to SDG 4: Quality education and 10: Reduced inequalities.
Loneliness	The gap relates to SDG 3: Good health and well-being and 16: Peace, justice and strong institutions. It is also connected to the cross-sectional topic of social cohesion illustrated by a selection of indicators from the MONET 2030 system. It enables various aspects of marginalisation to be monitored.
Proportion of scientific publications in Open Access Journals	The gap relates to SDG 4: Quality education and 9: Industry, innovation and infrastructure. It enables the monitoring of aspects such as digitalisation and the free circulation of information.
Sustainable finances	The gap relates to targets 16.4 on the reduction of illicit financial flows and 10.5 on the regulation of financial markets.
Circular economy	The gap relates to the targets: 8.4 on the improvement of production processes and a reduction in the consumption of resources, 12.2 on reducing the environmental impact of consumption and production and 12.5 on reducing the environmental impact of waste. The FSO is planning a publication on the circular use of materials for summer 2020 and will continue in 2021 with information on the monetary aspects of circularity.

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Research expenditure in Switzerland on neglected tropical diseases	The gap relates to SDG 3: Good health and well-being and 17: Partnerships for the goals
Adapting to climate change - the costs of inaction	The gap relates to the Swiss target 13.1: on risks connected to climate change.
Human-powered mobility	The gap relates to SDG 9: Industry, innovation and infrastructure and 11: Sustainable cities and communities. Swisstopo's range of data on human-powered mobility, in particular concerning cycle routes, will soon be extended.
Sustainable agriculture	The gap relates to the target 2.4 on sustainable agriculture. However, no index on sustainable agriculture is planned as proposed in the UN list of global indicators.

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