

Mobility and Transport

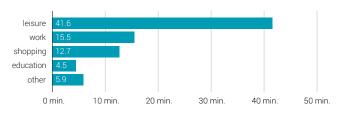
Pocket Statistics 2025



In 2021, the Swiss population spent 80 minutes in transport every day

Acto

This included 6 minutes of waiting and transfer time. Leisure was by far the main trip purpose.

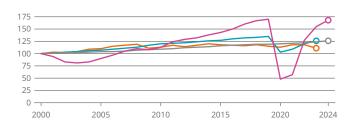


Note: status in 2021, only distances in Switzerland, base = resident population aged 6 or over

Passenger transport grew faster than the population until 2019

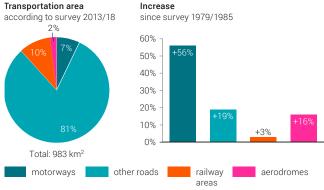
Evolution index, 2000=100

passenger transport on road and rail
 goods transport on road and rail
 number of flight passengers
 permanent resident population



Note: no figures are available yet for 2024 for passenger and goods transport by road and rail; population figures for 2024 are provisional; passenger transport base = person-km, goods transport base = tonne-km

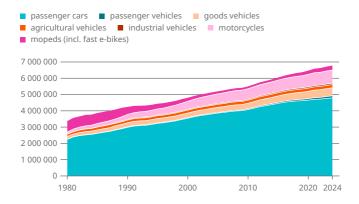
Transport infrastructure covers an area more than 1.5 times the size of Lake Geneva



	areas		
Length of roads and rails			(/
Road network	85 009 km	2024	Hillii.
of which motorways	1 549 km	2024	7/7
Railway network Number of public transport sta	5317 km tions and stops	2020	
Railway	1 672	2020	
Bus and tram	23 080	2020	
Number of aerodromes			
National airports	3	2023	*
Regional airports	11	2023	

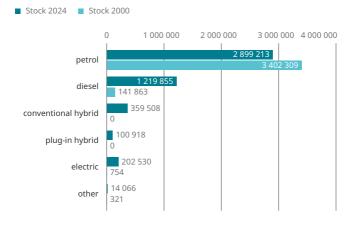
Nearly 6.8 million motor vehicles are registered on Swiss roads

4.8 million of these are cars – twice as many as there were in 1980. 61% of households have a bicycle, 20% an e-bike (in 2021).



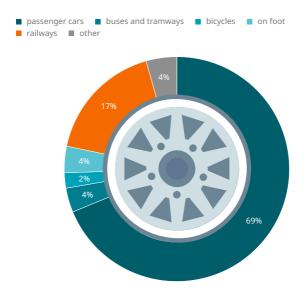
1 in every 24 passenger cars is now electric





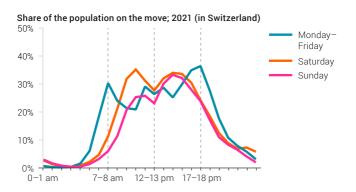
Cars dominate passenger transport

Shares of means of transport in the person-kilometres covered (by road and rail, 2023)



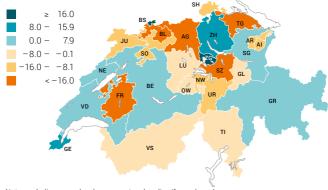
Note: In addition to coaches, motorcycles, mopeds and cog railways, the 'other' category also includes funiculars and cable cars

Transport reaches its peak during the week between 4 and 6 pm



Basel-Stadt and Zug are particulary attractive to commuters

Relative commuter balance of cantons, 2023 (inbound commuters minus outbound commuters, as a % of commuters resident in the canton)

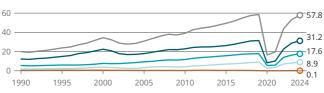


Note: excluding cross-border commuters heading/from abroad

Number of air passenger (almost) back to pre-pandemic levels







¹ local and transfer passengers

² Swiss and French traffic

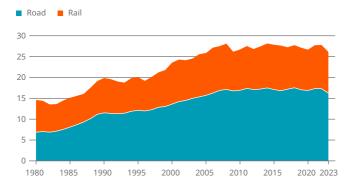
Goods transport performance has remained relatively stable over the past twenty years



62% of transport performance is by road, 38% by rail.

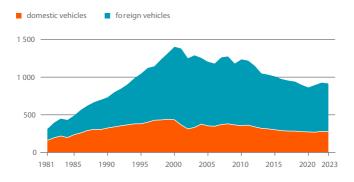
Domestic transport dominates road transport (67% of tonne-kilometres), and transit trips dominate rail transport (63%).

Billion tonne-kilometres



In 2023, one third fewer trucks crossed the Swiss Alps compared to the year 2000

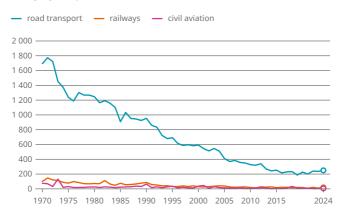
Number of transalpine trips by heavy goods vehicles in Switzerland, in thousands of vehicles



The number of fatalities in traffic has fallen



Fatally injured persons



Mobility is responsible for 38% of energy consumption and emits 43% of CO_2

Energy consumption by transport, 2023	290 petajoules	
Change from 2000 Share in the total energy consumption	-5% 38%	
CO ₂ emissions from transport, 2023	13.6 m tonnes	
Change from 2000 Share in the total emissions	-14% 43%	
Persons affected by noise from roads, 2021	7%	

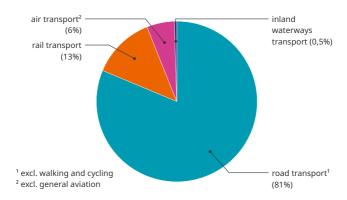
Note: CO_2 emissions without international aviation; noise from roads during the day, measured against the thresholds of the noise abatement ordinance

Transport costs CHF 102 billion

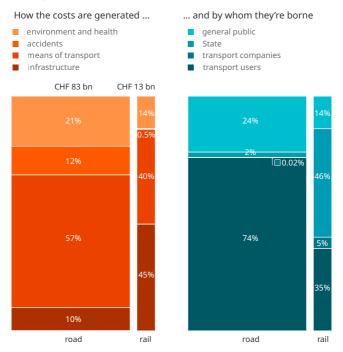




Costs of transport, 2021



Transport users do not bear all costs themselves



Note: status in 2021, road transport without pedestrian traffic and bicycles

Source: FSO – AREA, GTS, CFT, TP, PEND, PV-L, STATPOP; FSO, ARE – MTMC; FSO, FEDRO – STLFEDRO, FSO – MFZ, SVU; FSO, FOCA – AVIA_LC, AVIA_ZL, FEDRO – Road accidents, FOEN – GIS Noise database of Switzerland sonBase, Swiss emission information System (EMIS); FOT – National occurrence database; FOT, FEDRO – Transalpine goods transport; SFOE – Overall energy statistics; STSB – Aviation accident statistics

Further information:

www.statistics.admin.ch → Statistics → 11 - Mobility and transport

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